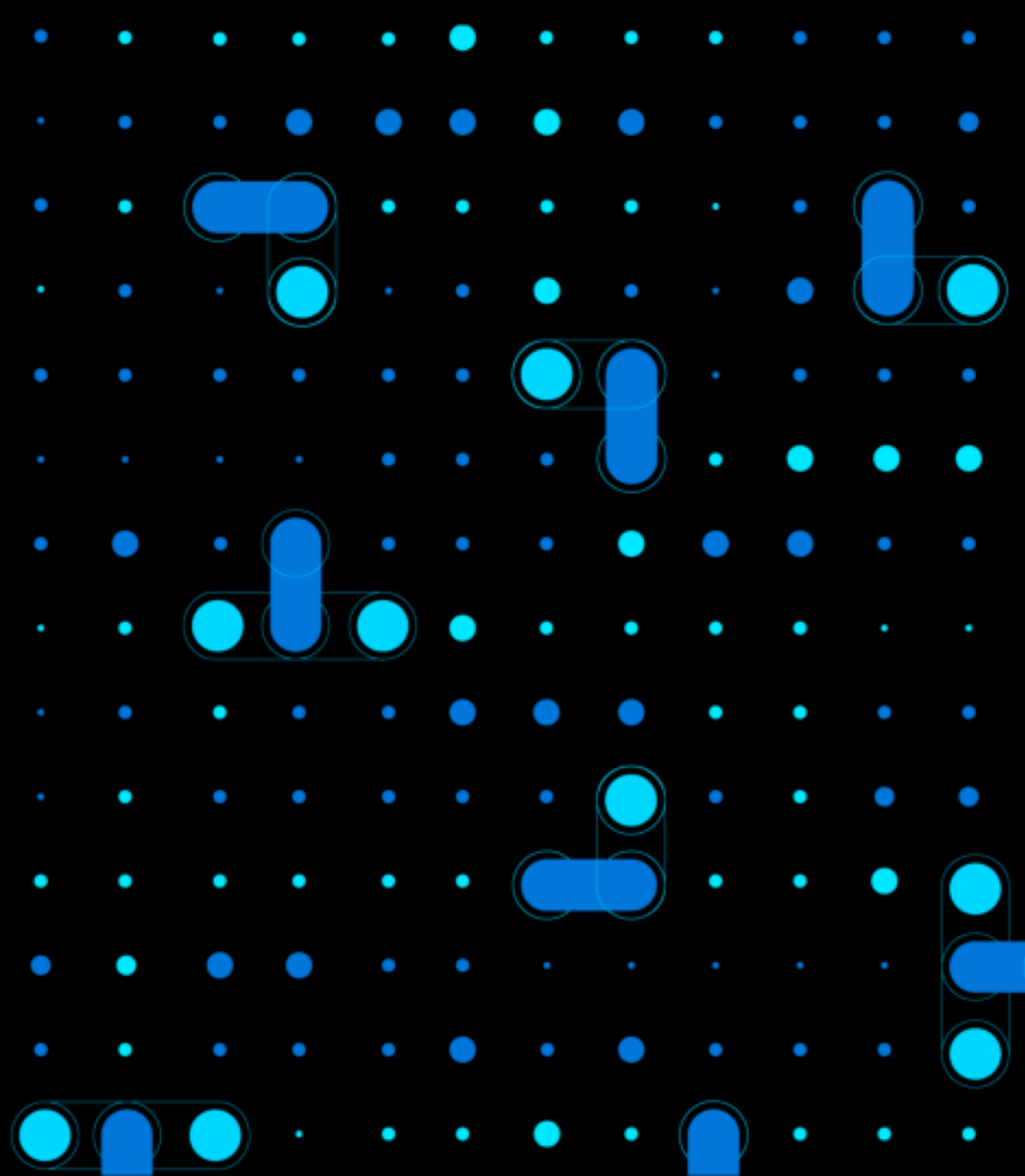




September 2022

Was verwende ich für meinen Data Space?

Matthias Buchhorn-Roth
Architect Dataspaces

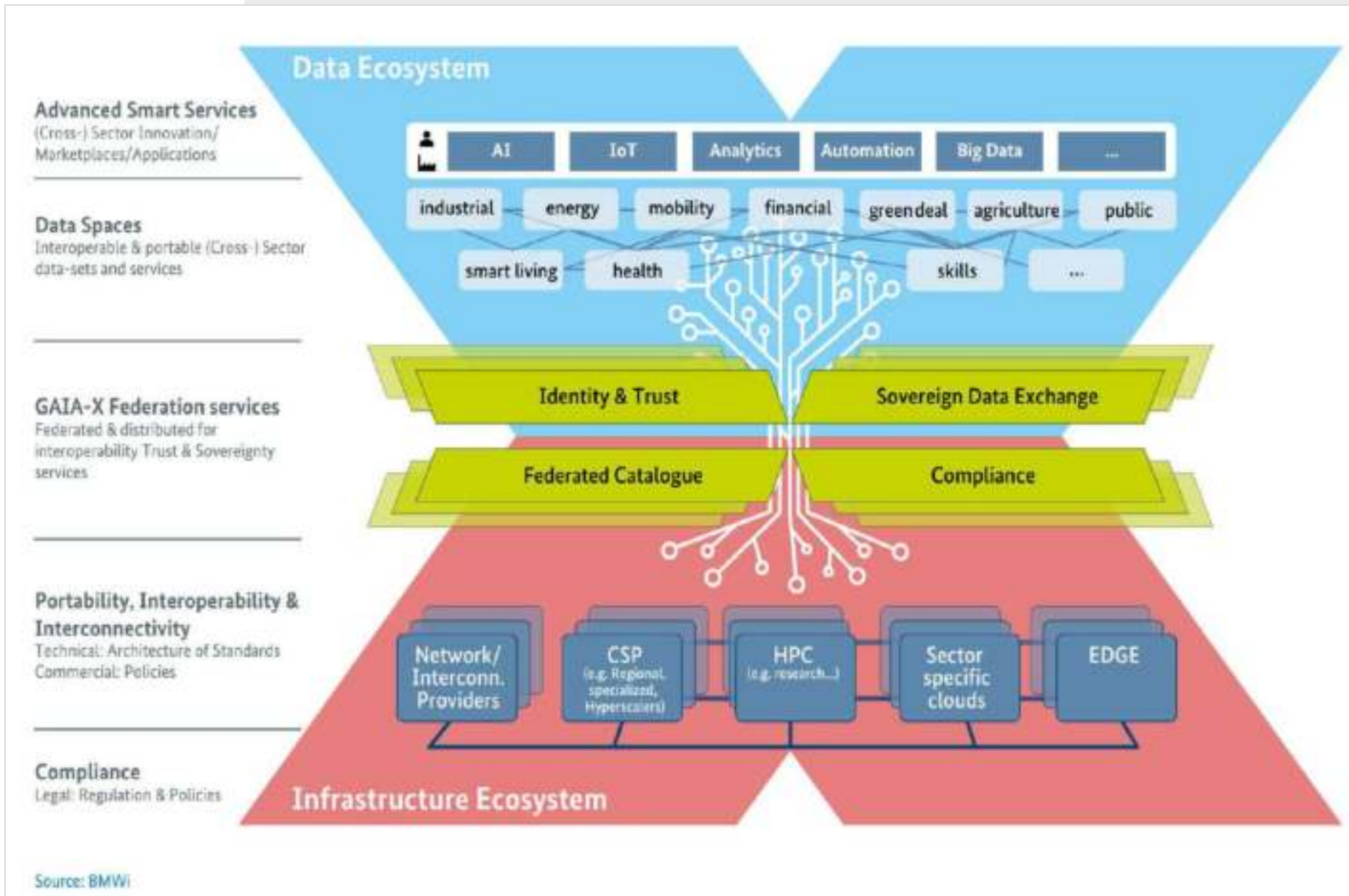


Our vision

“Enable all customers to share data with a sovereign and decentralized approach. In various ecosystems independent of technical infrastructures”

Using established standards like W3C, CNCF, DCAT, ODRL, IDSA, GAIA-X

Gaia-x Architectural Design



<https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/technology.dataspaceconnector>

<https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector>

Eclipse Dataspace Connector framework (EDC)

A reference architecture for gaia-x compliant federation services

- Reference Implementation of IDSA RAM 4.0
- Open Source under Apache 2.0 on GitHub
- Free of intellectual property rights
- Used in GAIA-X projects Catena-X, SafeFBDC
- Modular / Extendable Architecture
- Based on Java 11+



Everything starts with a vision

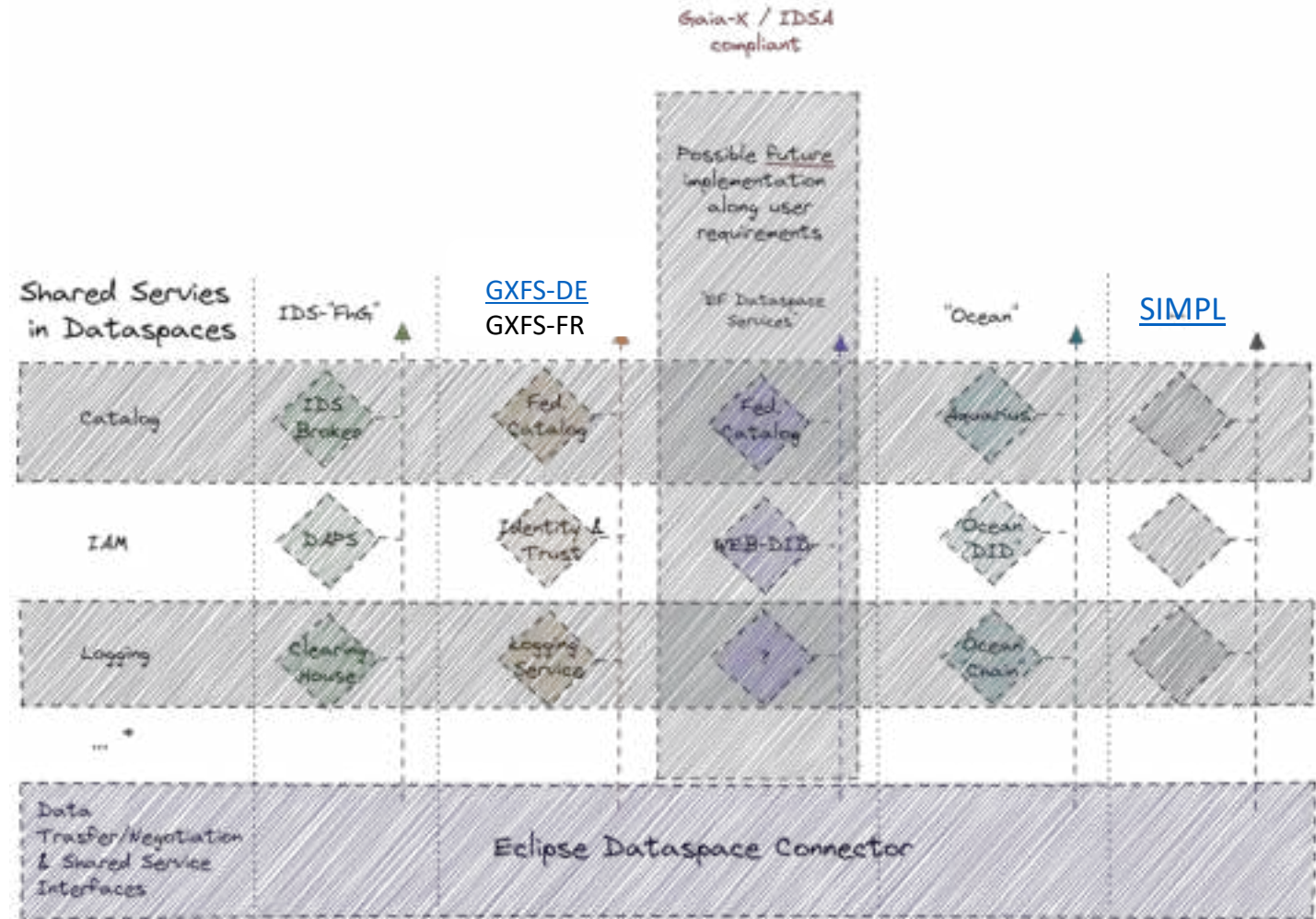
<http://aka.ms/edc-vision>

The screenshot shows the 'Dataspaces Management Vision Demonstrator' web application. The interface is dark-themed with a sidebar on the left containing navigation links such as 'Start Page', 'Manage My Dataspaces', 'Discover Data Shared by Others', 'Register a Data Contract', 'Create a new Policy', 'Create a new Data Asset', 'Create Data Contract', and 'Review existing Data Contract and...'. The main content area features a 'Welcome to Dataspaces Management Vision Demonstrator!' message, followed by a brief description of the framework and a list of industry-specific dataspace examples: Energy, Education and Skills, Finance and Insurance, Health, Industry 4.0, Mobility, and Space. Below this, three interactive cards are displayed: 'Discover Data' (with a 'Discover Data' button), 'Share Data' (with a 'Share my Data' button), and 'My Dataspaces' (with a 'My Dataspaces' button). Each card includes an illustration of people interacting with data visualizations.



Ecosystem Integration

- EDC has a flexible, modular system
- Modules can be exchanged
- Custom modules can be created
- Existing modules can be extended
- Can be fully decentralized or partially centralized



Alignment with International Data Spaces Association

<http://internationaldataspaces.org/>



Already supporting IDS-based messages
and policy definitions



Support development of IDSA Reference
Architecture Model 4.0



Part of IDS Open Source Landscape



Participating in IDSA
committees and
working groups

Architecture WG
Rule Book WG



Alignment with Gaia-X

Fulfillment of the mandatory and further criteria

- Support for Gaia-X Trust Framework
- Support Gaia-X compliant Self-Description
- Gaia-X Registry Extension and support for VC
- Currently planning for alignment with Gaia-X Federation Services v2, pending finalization of specification

Possible Integration with GXFS-DE implementation project

- Evaluated existing specifications
- Waiting for tangible code to evaluate integration

Alignment with lighthouse projects to meet their requirements for building economically viable dataspace and using Gaia-X



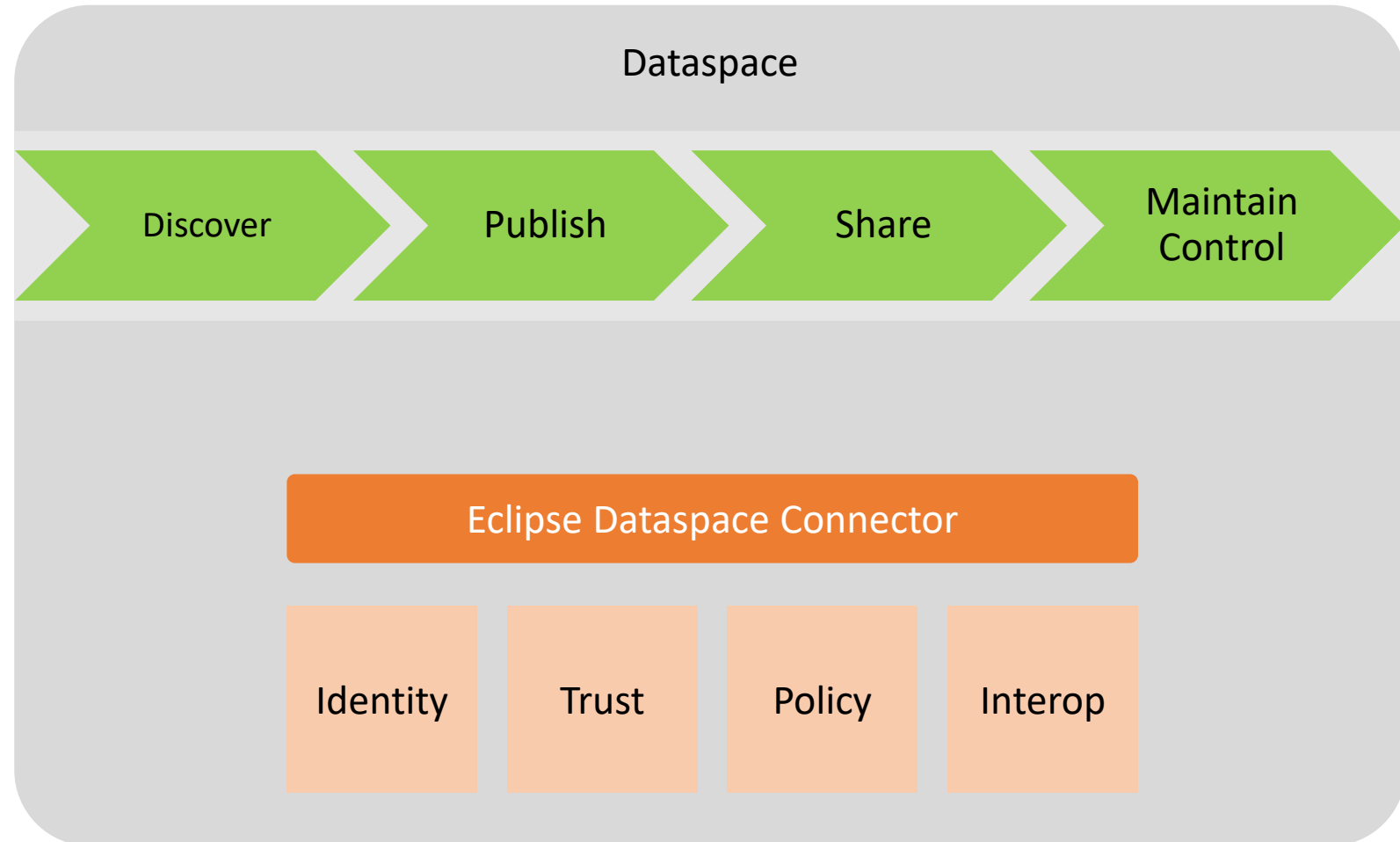
The characteristics of a gaia-x federated dataspace

Main Functionalities of a gaia-x Dataspace

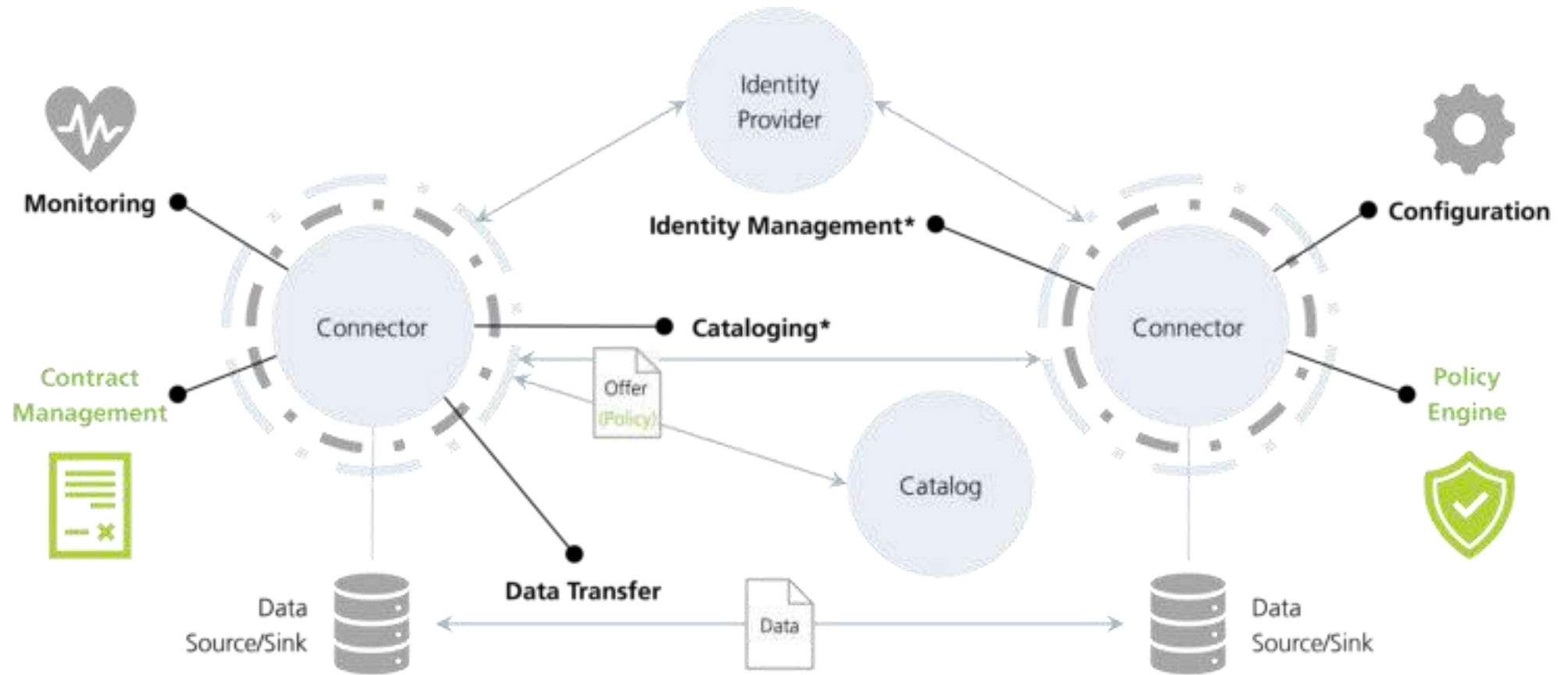
- *Catalogue (Discoverability)*
- *Sovereign Data Exchange*
- *Identity & Trust*
- *Compliance*

enable data cooperation in a multi-cloud federation by focusing on:

- **Identity:** *Each participant remains in control of their identity.*
- **Trust:** *Each participant decides who to trust.*
- **Sovereignty:** *Each participant decides under what policies their data is shared.*
- **Interoperability:** *Each participant remains in control of their deployment.*



What are the core features of a dataspace connector?



EDC Data Space Components



[RegistrationService](#)
Central Dataspace Authority



[DataSpaceConnector](#) (Core)

Contract negotiation, data transfer,
authentication protocols, monitor



[DataDashboard](#)

User Interface for each participant



[FederatedCatalog](#)

prototype implementation of a
Federated catalog

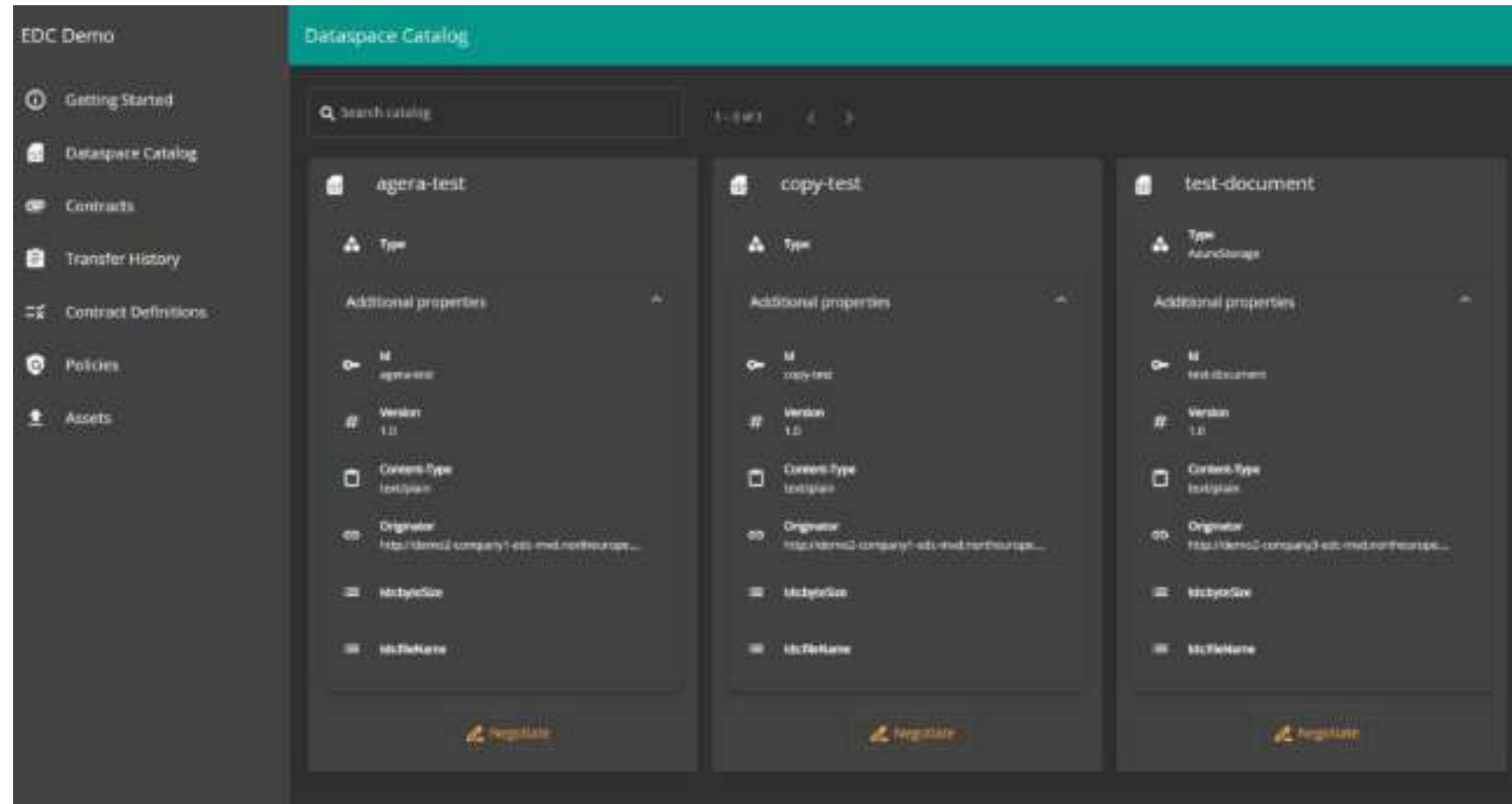


[IdentityHub](#)

W3c complained prototype
implementation of an DID: web identity
provider

Minimum Viable Dataspace

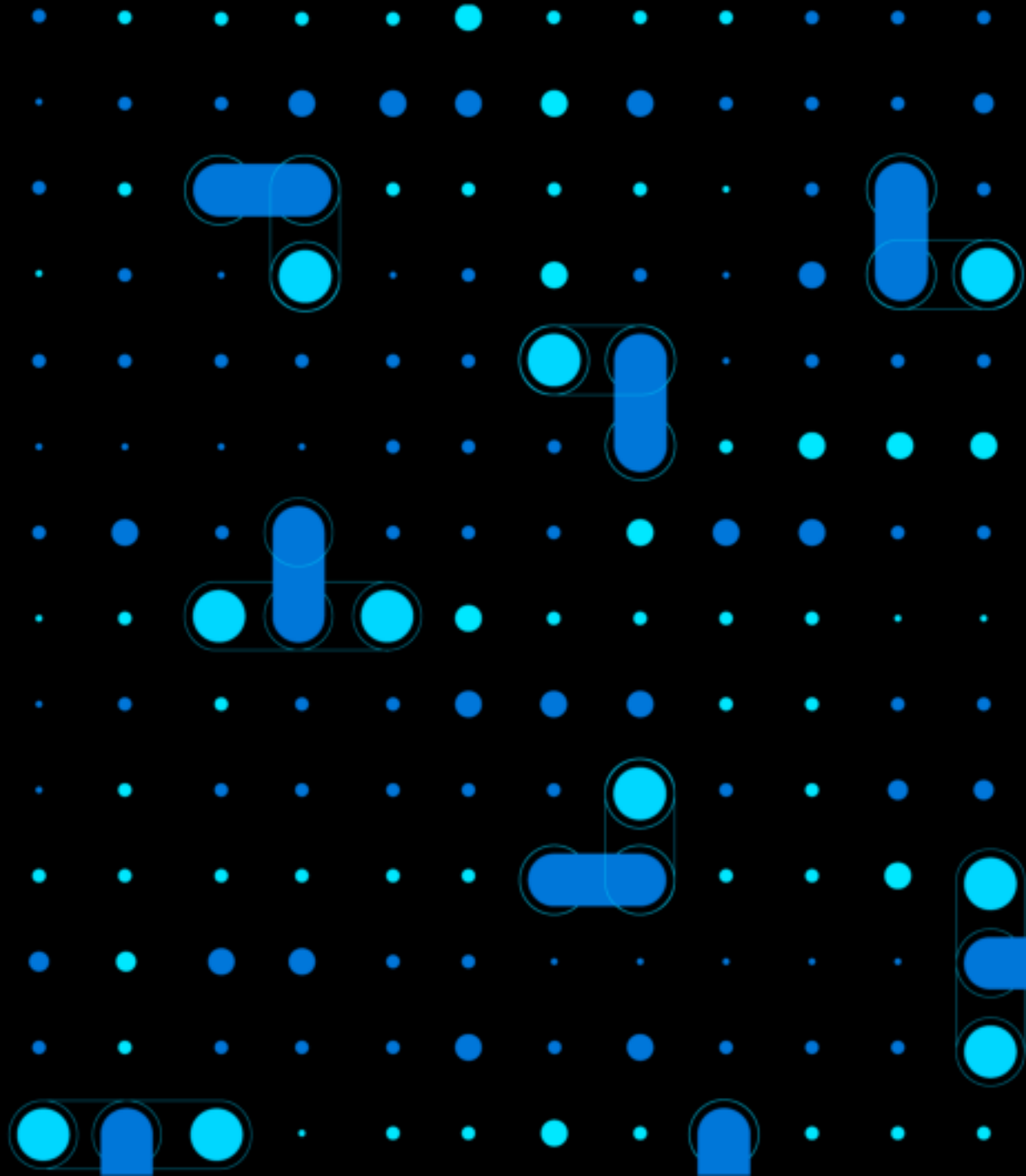
Functional prototype for your data space



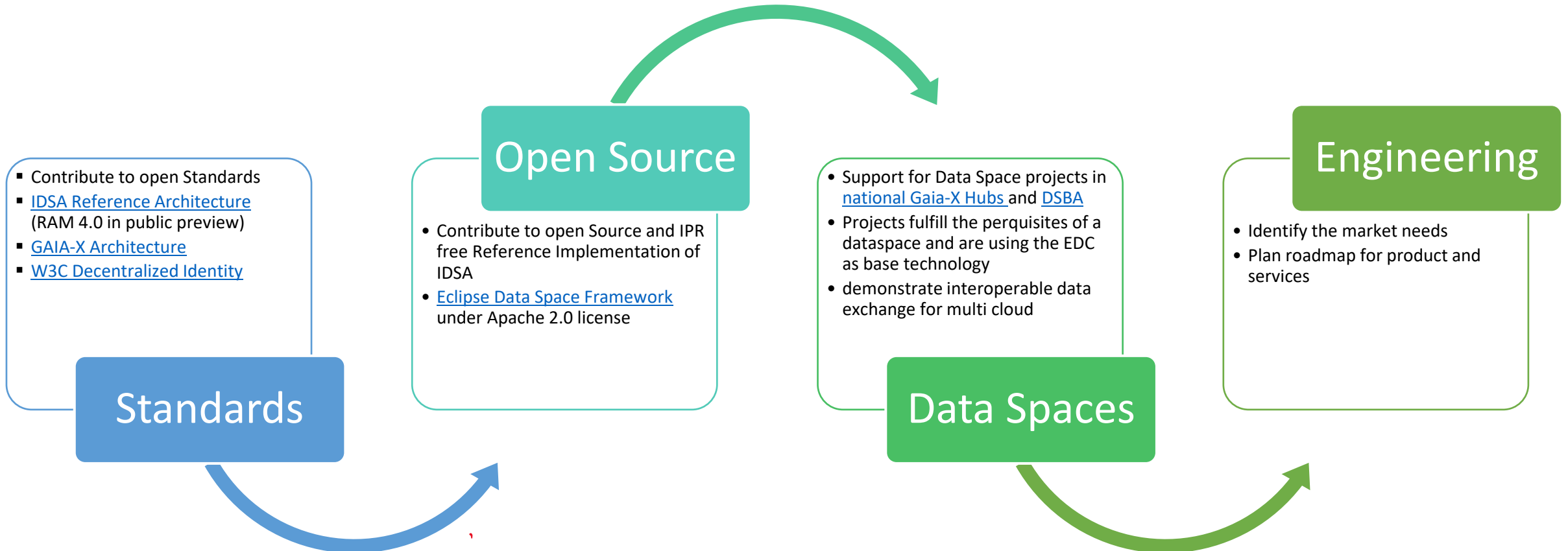
<https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/MinimumViableDataspace>



Appendix



Data Spaces Strategy



Principals & Functions

- Connections in a dataspace are always peer-to-peer
- Multiple participants can cooperate, but data is always exchanged 1:1
- Participants can have multiple roles
 - Data Owner, Data Holder, Data Processor, Data Recipient, Algorithm Provider,...
- Patterns
 - **Aggregator** – combining data from multiple sources for computation at one partner (Specialization: Data Trustee)
 - **Supply Chain** – data moves through multiple participants adding value along the way with potential aggregation, anonymization,...
 - **Code to data** – code packages can be transferred by EDC to where data resides, execution controlled through policies and custom extensions



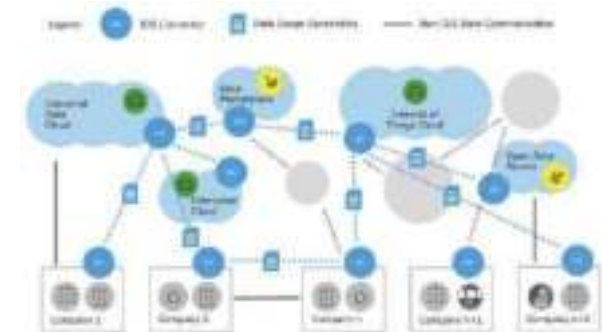
Why data spaces need a decentralized design?

1. Participants of a dataspace must have full control over which data they share with whom
2. Participants need to decide who they trust on a case-by-case basis
3. Participation in a dataspace must be based on rules that apply to everyone
4. No central gatekeeper that can decide arbitrarily on participation
5. Decentralized systems are resilient and provide higher availability
6. No central system that holds the keys to the entire kingdom
7. Heterogeneous environments with many different technologies and operating models
8. Transitive trust based on common trust anchors

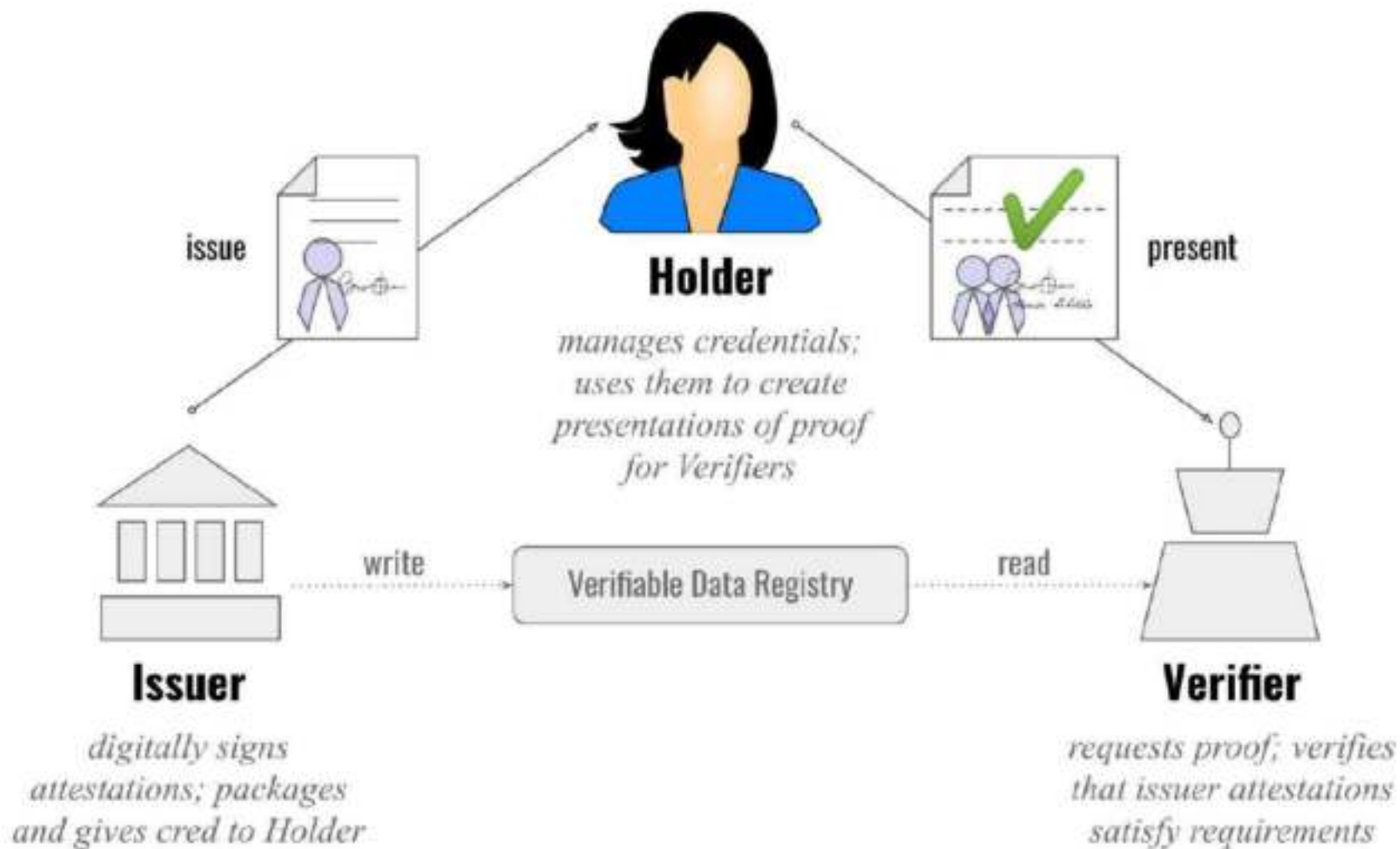
Digital Sovereignty

Digital Sovereignty requires full autonomy, which is different from independence – it means acting with choice.

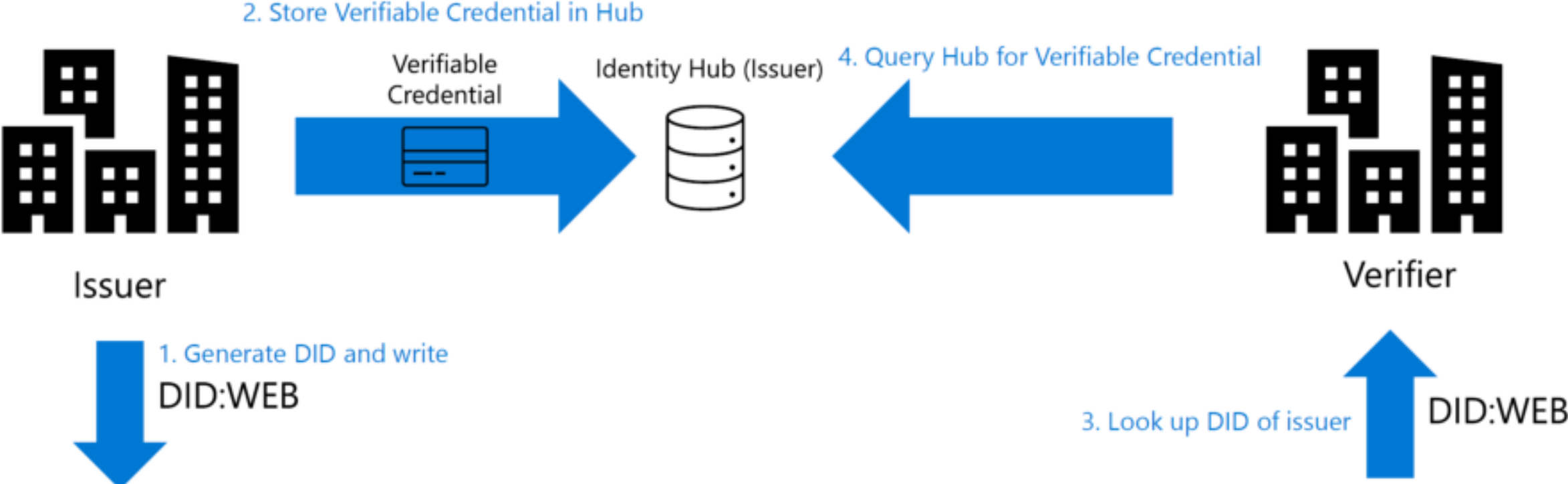
True Digital Sovereignty requires decentralized technology without central gatekeeping but instead rules governing the behavior and interaction of autonomous actors in a federation.



W3C Verifiable Credentials



Putting it all together: Using identity hub



```
"id": "did:example:123456789abcdefghi",  
"authentication": []
```

```
"id": "did:example:123456789abcdefghi#keys-1",  
"type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2020",
```

Distributed infrastructure

Decentralized Identifiers Methods

- Over 80 different methods
- Defines the trusted infrastructure
- How to read and write identifiers to the infrastructure

did:ion:	PROVISIONAL	Bitcoin	Various DIF contributors	ION DID Method
did:iota:	PROVISIONAL	IOTA	IOTA Foundation	IOTA DID Method
did:ipid:	PROVISIONAL	IPFS	TranSendX	IPID DID method
did:is:	PROVISIONAL	Blockcore	Blockcore	Blockcore DID Method
did:jwt:	PROVISIONAL	InfoWallet	Raonsecure	InfoWallet DID Method
did:jinc:	PROVISIONAL	JLINC Protocol	Victor Grey	JLINC Protocol DID Method
did:jnctn:	PROVISIONAL	Jnctn Network	Jnctn Limited	JNCTN DID Method
did:jolo:	PROVISIONAL	Ethereum	Jolocorn	Jolocorn DID Method
did:keri:	PROVISIONAL	Ledger agnostic	Dr. Sam Smith, Charles Cunningham, Phil Fearheller	KERI DID Method

SCIMAL	Bitbox	Juan Cabrerizo Duarte	bitbox DID Method
SCIMAL	DIC Specification	Chenyan	DIC DID Method
SCIMAL	Bitbox	Bitbox Systems, Inc.	Bitbox DID Method
SCIMAL	uportwallet	Space, Dachtel, S&P	uport DID Method
SCIMAL	Brown IV	UMBROTUS	UMBROTUS DID Method
SCIMAL	uportwallet	Space, Dachtel, S&P	uport DID Method
GATED	Ethereum	uPort	
SCIMAL	Venue One	UBER, LOCOM	Venue One DID Method
SCIMAL	4F	China Academy of Information and Communications Technology (CAICT)	4F Method
SCIMAL	Ethereum	Verid Inc.	Verid DID Method
SCIMAL	VP	VP Inc.	VP DID Method
SCIMAL	NEOS, NEOS, Zilia	Zilia	NEOS DID Method
SCIMAL	Uvo	Uvo Application Studio	Uvo DID Method
SCIMAL	Wu	Clayton Sells, Mike An, Daniel Zagouin, Amy Guy	Wu DID Method
SCIMAL	Waters Network	Waters	Waters DID Method
SCIMAL	Hyperledger Fabric	Workday, Inc.	Workday DID Method

[DID Specification Registries \(w3.org\)](https://w3.org/specifications/did-specification-registries)

Scheme

`did:example:123456789abcdefghi`
└──┬──┘ └──────────────────────────────────┘
DID Method DID Method-Specific Identifier



Verifiable Credential

1. Locate DID document

2. Read DID document

1. DID (for self-description)
2. Set of public keys (for verification)
3. Set of auth methods (for authentication)
4. Set of service endpoints (for interaction)
5. Timestamp (for audit history)
6. Signature (for integrity)

3. Verify VC signature

Distributed infrastructure

